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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1915.

An Evening Echo.

The work of an unknown good man has done is like a rain of water flowing hidden underground, secretly making the ground green.—CARLYLE.

The Democratic convention of 1916 will have to perform some remarkable rhetorical stunts if it works a "Made-in-America" policy into its free trade platform.

Though heavy receipts from stamp, corporation and income taxes, have added to funds in the federal treasury, the balance on hand at the close of business Saturday, June 19, was only \$25,519,973.

A balance of \$127,312,682.86 on the same date two years ago, when Republican laws were in control of revenues and expenditures. The deficit, as represented by the excess of all disbursement over all revenues for the fiscal year up to June 19, was \$120,671,159.81.

The constitutional convention in New York has wisely voted down a proposition for a single-chambered legislature. Ours is a government of checks and balances and if one wishes to know what is possible legislation under a single chamber system, one has only to consider the half-baked measure thrust through the last House in Congress by Wilson's mandate, only to be amended and put into shape in the upper branch.

Tipping the Scales.

For the first time in their history the national soldiers homes are being board of managers of these institutions, which now has a Democratic majority. Republican governors of soldiers homes are being removed without regard to competency to make room for Democratic candidates for the posts.

General Joseph S. Smith, of Maine, who was a candidate for the governorship of the Maine state soldiers home, has been elected governor of the Hampton, Va. home, and Major D. W. Crampton, of Delphi, Ind., has succeeded Col. George W. Steele as governor of the Marion, Ind., branch.

To Find the Fined.

Secretary of Commerce Redfield has set his distinguished brain to the task of ascertaining how to find a man when he has been fined. This puzzle has held the department of commerce at bay from the time of its arrival on the table, and now that everybody else has given it up the secretary sets about to tackle it in open session. The man who has been fined a motor boat. At the time he was fined he gave a certain name and address, but the collector of fine from the man fined was not able to find the man fined at that place. Nor any other place. The result is that the entire United States is speckled with men who have been fined, whom nobody can find.

The inspectors charged with the enforcement of the law covering motorboats have appealed to the secretary, and he decided that he would hold in his own office a meeting of motor boat representatives, hand-picked and intelligent, according to the secretary's standard of intelligence, who will be asked to help the secretary devise an amendment to the motor boat law by which to find a man when he has been fined.

Closure is Unlikely.

Our venerable morning contemporary is greatly exercised over some statements made by Senator Sherman against the adoption of cloture by the Senate. It assures us that "on this filibuster business the American people stand with Senator Stone." It probably refers to Senator Stone's recent expressions rather than to his example. Like other statesmen, the senator's views of the filibuster vary with its use, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. When he thinks he has enough votes to pass a measure he is bitterly opposed to the filibuster. When the majority tries to pass something to which he is opposed, he looks upon unlimited debate as the palladium of the republic. It will be recalled that he was a member of the triumvirate which conducted the filibuster against the Aldrich-Vreeland bill, a measure which carried this country through the crisis following the outbreak of the European war. He was a rather careless or recreant member, how-

ever, for a vote was forced when the bazaar senator from Oklahoma sat down, relying on Senator Stone as a relay. Senator La Follette was in bed and Senator Stone was in a cloakroom.

The last Congress saw two filibusters. One was on the rivers and harbors bill, at the long session. It would not have been successful except for the fact that Senator Burton had aroused so much sentiment against the bill in the country at large that the president intervened with a compromise. The other, at the short session, was against the ship purchase bill. The Senate was evenly divided, so far as external appearances were concerned. The bill could have been passed only by the vice president voting. But it was a matter of common knowledge that there were many Democratic senators who agreed with the seven who openly defied the caucus. If all the Democratic senators had favored the bill at heart, it would doubtless have been passed. Some were "stalling" to borrow a term from the boxing ring. It is generally known that a final vote on adoption of a cloture would not appeal to Democratic senators of the South. They recall the value of unlimited debate on the so-called force bill. They realize that the Democrats will be not so handy a rule which has proved so handy in the past. Ever since Henry Clay tried to adopt a cloture, over the protest of Senator Benton of Missouri, the Democrats have generally been against limitation of debate. It is unlikely that they will abandon their historic position, especially to insure the passage of a measure which they have supported only in deference to the wishes of the president.

Bryan Missed Berlin.

William Jennings Bryan seems not only to have missed the president, but to have deluded Berlin. In his recent tirade in New York against the newspapers Mr. Bryan sought credit for himself in his ability to keep state secrets, despite the efforts made by the representatives of the newspapers to drag them from him. He did keep one—that if it had been brought to light at the time would have provoked the execration of Americans and have caused instant demand for his dismissal from the cabinet, declares the Baltimore American. It is more than likely that the complications of this act of the maladroit Bryan prompted his withdrawal in the end, as it was sure to come to light in time. The country is absolutely astounded to find that when the first note to Germany was framed, the secretary of state, instead of supporting the president and the nation, sought to minimize the note. This is the only inference to be drawn from his admitted interviews with the Austrian ambassador, the substance of which was transmitted to Berlin and caused Mr. Bryan to seek cover under a signed statement by the ambassador as to what he really meant to say in this extraordinary conversation.

Here, then, is the secret of the weak and incoherent response of Berlin to the most serious note that this country has addressed to a foreign government since the period of the Civil war. Here, then, is the reason for the dispatch of a note, which is a crown upon the retirement of Bryan from the cabinet.

The facts are admitted. He had conversation with the Austrian ambassador with regard to the nature of the note. This seems to have been taken by him as a matter of course. He says that he was misinformed or mis-rendered. The Austrian ambassador signed a statement by the secretary of state as to the actual report of the conversation. What a remarkable sequence of underground movement at a time when the fate of the nation was at stake! What a maladroitness of performance! What a spectacle of double dealing! What a miserable narrative of juggling with the interests of the people under the table is disclosed.

This is the Bryan who has left the cabinet to stalk the country with his venomous claims of superior patriotism. Nothing that has been disclosed has shown the Austrian ambassador or the Berlin authorities or anyone else but Mr. Bryan in a bad light. And he still shields himself all he can behind a failure to give the public the signed statement of the conversation, yet he declares that he left the cabinet in order to be able to take the people into his confidence and to tell them things they ought to know. The people demand that this secret paper be given publicly. It has been mischievous in the extreme. Mr. Bryan confused German authoritative opinion and indirectly caused the sending of Dr. Meyer-Gerhard to Berlin to give the real facts of American sentiment and actual attitude of the president.

THE DAILY NOVELETTE

THE PROUS STRANGER.

There's a reason—there's a reason: For every thought there is a reason. Maybe love, or maybe treason. Read this story—it's in season.

For four days the pious-looking stranger with the fiery eyes had preached against the demon rum in the one-and-a-half town of Splinterbury.

He called down maledictions and denunciations on saloons and saloonists, taverns and tavernizers, inns and innards.

He explained with words of fire how alcohol causes death, dismemberment, misery, misapprehension, boils, biliousness, pimples, predicaments, anxieties, aches, and sometimes colds in the head.

And at the end of the four days Splinterbury, from a town with a saloon to every six inhabitants, was converted teetotal, totally. The only possible way to obtain a drink was through a doctor's prescription for snakebite, and the only snake in Splinterbury was too old to care for biting any more.

On the fifth day the pious stranger with the fiery eyes wired to his partners as follows: "Splinterbury ripe for snakebite. Am off for Billingsburg."

THE SEARCHLIGHT

Latest News from the Fields of Science, Education and Invention.

X-RAY FOR CONTRABAND.

The X-ray is now being used in custom houses to aid in the search for contraband or dutiable goods at shipping ports. The British government has introduced it for the examination of bales of cotton and similar bulky packages which could not be readily repacked if once opened. A few weeks ago, nearly two hundred bales of cotton waste were refused shipment by a representative of the British government in New York because the X-ray located some rubber sheeting concealed in this manner.

The United States custom officers for some months past have been using specially designed X-ray machines for the examination of packages thought to contain dutiable goods. A collection of uncut gems stored in the middle book of a small five volume set of Burn's poems, apparently in their original purchase package, were recently revealed in this way.

TRAVELETTE

By NIKAH.

CHARLES TOWN.

There is more of the blood of the Washingtons flowing in the veins of the residents of Charles Town, W. Va., than of any other community in all the world. It was to this town, just over the line from the Shenandoah valley of Virginia, that three brothers of the childhood of this country moved in pre-Revolutionary days, and it was there that they reared their families. There was Samuel, the oldest of the brothers, who married five times and left a numerous progeny. Charles claimed the distinction of having the town named after him and there he lived and died. John Augustine made up the triumvirate of Washingtons in one small village and he also bore sons and daughters.

Four generations having passed, it is but natural that the descendants of these stalwart brothers of America's greatest man should have grown steadily more numerous.

To him who gets off the train at Charles Town there is something about the place that gives it a peculiar individuality. There is a touch of propriety and of some what formal stateliness about its regular streets and the dignified symmetries that rear themselves like country gentlemen in fresh linen. And well there may be, for George Washington himself laid down the ground plan of the town in his surviving days.

And the people who walk these straight, right-angled streets and dwell in the neat, correct, newly-painted lumber houses—there is an uprightness about them, a squareness of shoulder, a longness and straightness of neck, an erectness of carriage, that is different. The visitor is impressed with these peculiarities. Then he remembers that this is the home of the descendants of the Washingtons, that the father of his country was a man. It is a type—the Washington type—and it is still preserved on the streets of Charles Town.

The visitor always runs out to Harwood, the old country place of Samuel Washington, who was a rollicking country squire much given to fox hunting. George Washington was the architect who designed the old Harwood house, which is still well preserved. In fact, he once owned an interest in it. It was to Harwood that the Widow Todd came by stage coach all the way from Philadelphia to be married to a little gentleman who rode on horseback by the carriage door, and to become Dolley Madison—the nation has ever had. It was at Harwood that Louis Philippe, afterward king of France, took refuge during the days of his banishment.

In Charles Town, near the very heart of it, there stands beneath the solemn sycamores a four, tragic, little monument. It marks the spot where John Brown was hanged.

TO HOLD PRAYER MEETING.

There will be a prayer meeting in the home of Mrs. Alice Corpening at 623 West Main street from 9:30 to 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

What Is the Best Remedy For Constipation?

This is a question asked us many times each day. The answer is

Rexall Orderlies

We guarantee them to be satisfactory to you. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

Sturm & Wilson.

The Watts-Lamberd Company

WE GIVE "S. & H." GREEN TRADING STAMP WITH CASH PURCHASES.

Our Annual July "Daily Special" Sales Are Now In Progress

Special for Thursday, July 1st
ON SALE 9 A. M.

Imported Silk Embroidered
Crepes, 49c Yard

MADE TO SELL REGULARLY AT \$2.00 YD.

A sale of the finest and most beautiful summer fabrics for blouses and dresses. Fine imported white crepes with dainty designs, embroidered in colors. Small silk embroidered flowers and leaves in beautiful shades of pink, rose, wistaria, Nile and blue. Width 32 inches. See window display.

ON SALE 2 P. M.

Fine Mercerized Table
Damask, 39c Yard

WIDTH 71 TO 72 INCHES. SEE WINDOW

One of the most appreciated values offered in the great July Sales. An opportunity for the thrifty housekeeper. Fine mercerized damask in beautiful floral patterns. Every piece fresh and new. Pure white, splendid quality, width 71 to 72 inches. Special Thursday afternoon only 39c yd. See window display.

ATTEND THIS SALE PROMPTLY.

Special For Friday Morning Only

On sale 9 a. m. Store closes at 12 o'clock, noon.

Yard Wide Percales,
73/4c Yd.

A very large assortment of desirable new patterns for this sale. Splendid quality Percales for women's and children's dresses. Light and dark color. Plenty of white grounds with neat black figures and stripes. Special for Friday morning, 73/4c yard. See window display.

Special For Friday Morning Only

On Sale 9 a. m. Store closes at 12 o'clock, noon.

12 1/2c Longcloth 79c, Bolt
Of Ten Yards

Good quality, yard-wide, soft finished longcloth at a very special price. An excellent material for Underwear. Put up 10 yards in bolt. Regular price 12 1/2c yard. Special Friday morning, 79c for bolt of 10 yards. See window display.

NOW ON SALE
Silk Boot Hose

Black, all sizes

25c pair

The best quality of fiber
Silk stockings. High Silk
boot, re-enforced heel. Special value at 25c pair.

NOTICE
Summer Closing Hours

In keeping with our annual custom which we established many years ago we will close our store promptly at 12 o'clock noon, on Fridays during the months of July and August. Store will be closed all day, Monday, July 5.

NOW ON SALE
Long Silk Gloves

79c

16-button, white Silk
Gloves at a special price.
Double finger tips, silk covered clasps, stitched back—sizes 6 1/2 to 8. See window.

OIL AND GAS

In the Evans City development, in Butler county, Pa., the South Penn Oil Company's No. 5 on the F. B. White farm is the greatest gusher of any in the pool. Monday the well drilled itself in and got away from those in charge and for a time flowed in the ground. Tuesday at noon it had increased its production and was flowing at the rate of thirty barrels an hour, or at the rate of more than 700 barrels a day. The location of this well is 500 feet southwest of No. 2 on the Kreitzer seventeen acre tract. When the well started to drill it was in it was but four feet in the sand and the McGowan and Company have now drilled their well on the Larkin lot through the sand and have a duster. They did not find a second pay in this well. The dry hole on the Twentier lot has been abandoned.

What is needed is a means of gently urging the assimilative functions of the stomach and intestines to absorb the oils and fats and send them over to the blood, where they may reach the starved, shrunken, run-down tissues and build them up. The thin person's body is like a dry sponge—eager and hungry for the fatty materials of which it is being deprived by the failure of the alimentary canal to take them from the food. The best way to overcome this sinful waste of flesh building elements and to stop the leakage of fats is to use Sargol, the recently discovered regenerative force that is recommended so highly by physicians here and abroad. Take a little Sargol tablet with every meal and notice how quickly your cheeks fill out and rolls of firm, healthy flesh are deposited over your body, covering each bony angle and projecting point. Your druggist has Sargol, or can get it from his wholesaler, and will refund your money if you are not satisfied with the gain in weight it produces as stated on the guarantee in each package. It is inexpensive, easy to take and highly efficient.

Caution.—While Sargol has produced remarkable results in overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles, it should not be taken unless you are willing to gain ten pounds or more, for it is a wonderful flesh builder. Advertisment.

In the Dorseyville field in the northern part of Allegheny county in Indiana, township, Walley and Company have drilled in a well on the Jeanette McKorkle farm and the Jeanette McKorkle farm and have a producer estimated to be good for 175 barrels a day. This is the largest producer that Allegheny county has presented for several months. The National Oil and Gas Company has made a location for a second test on the W. J. Robinson farm, an test on the Walley and Company's good producer on the McKorkle farm. The same company will be due in the sand at its test on the James Pollock farm next week.

In the Kendall pool, in Hanover township, Beaver county, Pittsburgh parties completed their test on the E. Craig farm and have a duster. In the Mount Morris district, Greene county, Perry and Drury have drilled No. 6 on the B. L. South farm through the Dunkard sand and have a duster.

Few completions and the best not better than light producers is the day's record in the West Virginia fields. In Spencer district, Roane county, the South Penn Oil Company has drilled No. 4 on the Douglas heirs' farm through the Big Injun sand and has a five-barrel producer.

On Sand Fork, Courthouse district, Lewis county, the Hope Natural Gas Company has now drilled its second test on the Bartley Burns farm through the Gordon sand, and

has a small gasser in that formation. On Arnold's creek, West Union district, Doddridge county, the same company has completed a test on the E. Snyder farm, and has a light gasser in that formation. On Arnold's creek, West Union district, Doddridge county, the same company has completed a test on the E. Snyder farm, and has a light gasser in that formation.

A Message To Thin Weak, Scrawny Folks

An Easy Way to Gain 10 to 30 lbs of Solid, Healthy, Permanent Flesh.

Thin, nervous, undeveloped men and women everywhere are heard to say, "I can't understand why I do not get fat. I eat plenty of good, nourishing food." The reason is just this: You cannot get fat, no matter how much you eat, unless your digestive organs assimilate the fat-making elements of your food instead of passing them out through the body as waste.

What is needed is a means of gently urging the assimilative functions of the stomach and intestines to absorb the oils and fats and send them over to the blood, where they may reach the starved, shrunken, run-down tissues and build them up. The thin person's body is like a dry sponge—eager and hungry for the fatty materials of which it is being deprived by the failure of the alimentary canal to take them from the food. The best way to overcome this sinful waste of flesh building elements and to stop the leakage of fats is to use Sargol, the recently discovered regenerative force that is recommended so highly by physicians here and abroad. Take a little Sargol tablet with every meal and notice how quickly your cheeks fill out and rolls of firm, healthy flesh are deposited over your body, covering each bony angle and projecting point. Your druggist has Sargol, or can get it from his wholesaler, and will refund your money if you are not satisfied with the gain in weight it produces as stated on the guarantee in each package. It is inexpensive, easy to take and highly efficient.

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der farm, and has a light gasser in the Big Injun sand. On Thomas run, Clay district, Monongalia county, the Philadelphia Company has drilled its test in the Big Injun sand and has a light formation to the depth of 3,306 feet and has a duster. In Sardis district, Harrison county, the Hope Natural Gas Company has drilled a second test on the J. F. Robery farm through the fifth sand and has a show for a very light pumper.

On Laurel Creek, Spencer district, Roane county, the Fisher Oil Company has started to drill No. 4 an rig completed for No. 4 on the W. W. Short farm. In the Eureka district, Pleasants county, the Creek Oil Company has completed No. 5 on the H. Matheny farm and has a five-barrel pumper in the Cow Run sand. In the same district the Horse Neck Oil Company has completed two tests on the Rawson heirs' farm and both are very light pumpers in the same formation. In the same district G. formation, Kanawha county, the E. F. Mealey and Company are due in the sand at a test on the W. P. McLaggart farm.

In Sheridan district, Calhoun county, Crowley and Company have the rig completed for a test on the J. F. Knight farm. In the same district, E. Mealey and Company are drilling its test on the R. H. Rogers farm from the Salt Sand to the Berea grit. In Center district, W. H. Spear and Company are starting No. 13 on the Mer farm. In the Blue Creek field, Elk district, Kanawha county, the E. F. Mealey and Company has shot No. 1 on the S. Mullins farm and increased its production from fifteen to fifty-five barrels a day.

The Oil Market.

Pennsylvania, \$1.35; Mercer, black, 97; New Castle, 97; Corning, 92; Cabell, 97; North Lima, 83; South Lima, 83; Princeton, 84; Wooster, \$1.05; Indiana, 83; Somerset, 80; Ragland, 63; Illinois, 84; Kansas, 40; Oklahoma, 40; Corsicana, 45; Corsicana, heavy, 45; Electra, 45; Heidland, 38; Hedda, 45; Caddo, 38 degrees 50; Caddo, 35 degrees 40; Caddo, crude, 35; Canada, \$1.28.

Producers and Refiners' Company quotes \$1.35 for crude of the Pennsylvania grade.

NEXT TERM.

The next term of United States court in this district will be held at Elkins, beginning July 6. It will be the last term before the summer vacation, and Judge Dayton will leave soon after its completion on his annual sojourn to the mountains for a brief period of rest.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.
To the sheriff of Harrison County, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Thomas Bowman to appear before the Judge of our Circuit Court of Harrison County at the Clerk's office of our said Court, at rules on the 17th day in July, next, to answer a bill in Chancery exhibited against him in our said Court by Lula A. Bowman and have then there this writ.

WITNESSETH, I, Wade Coffman, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House of the said county, this 7th day of June, 1915, and in the 22nd year of the State of West Virginia.

L. WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.
County of Harrison, to-wit:

At rules held in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Harrison County, West Virginia, on the 17th day of June, 1915, the following order was made and entered:

Lula A. Bowman vs. Thomas Bowman.

The object of the above styled cause is to obtain for the plaintiff an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony.

And it appearing from an affidavit filed in this cause that the said defendant, Thomas Bowman, is a resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that he do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this cause.

L. WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

F. O. SUTTON, Counsel for Plaintiff.

Free Trade and Protection

The one place where these two issues meet in perfect harmony is in the advertisements of the Telegram.

Bids for patronage in an open and above board manner is the freest kind of free trade.

And working with it at all times is protection for the customers.

For the advertising is invariably the guide to square dealing.

Advertising that would lead one anywhere else would be silly and unprofitable.

START A SAVINGS ACCOUNT WITH THIS BANK AND WATCH IT GROW

MANY GOOD THINGS ARE SAID ABOUT OUR METHODS OF CONDUCTING A BANK. ALL WHO AVAIL THEMSELVES OF OUR SERVICES ARE WELL PLEASED AND THEY WILL TELL YOU SO. THIS IS EXCLUSIVELY A SAVINGS BANK—A BANK FOR THE MASSES—WE WELCOME THE SMALL ACCOUNTS AS GLADLY AS THE LARGER ONES.

R. T. LOWNDES,
President.

THE LOWNDES SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST CO.

All Accounts at This Bank Draw Interest at
The Rate of 4 Per Cent.

GEORGE L. DUNCAN,
Sec and Treas.

4
Per Cent